

# LM2940/LM2940C 1A Low Dropout Regulator

## **General Description**

The LM2940/LM2940C positive voltage regulator features the ability to source 1A of output current with a dropout voltage of typically 0.5V and a maximum of 1V over the entire temperature range. Furthermore, a quiescent current reduction circuit has been included which reduces the ground current when the differential between the input voltage and the output voltage exceeds approximately 3V. The quiescent current with 1A of output current and an input-output differential of 5V is therefore only 30 mA. Higher quiescent currents only exist when the regulator is in the dropout mode  $(V_{\text{IN}}-V_{\text{OUT}} \leq 3V).$ 

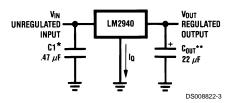
Designed also for vehicular applications, the LM2940/LM2940C and all regulated circuitry are protected from reverse battery installations or 2-battery jumps. During line transients, such as load dump when the input voltage can

momentarily exceed the specified maximum operating voltage, the regulator will automatically shut down to protect both the internal circuits and the load. The LM2940/LM2940C cannot be harmed by temporary mirror-image insertion. Familiar regulator features such as short circuit and thermal overload protection are also provided.

## **Features**

- Dropout voltage typically 0.5V @I<sub>O</sub> = 1A
- Output current in excess of 1A
- Output voltage trimmed before assembly
- Reverse battery protection
- Internal short circuit current limit
- Mirror image insertion protection
- P<sup>+</sup> Product Enhancement tested

## **Typical Application**



<sup>\*</sup>Required if regulator is located far from power supply filter.

# **Ordering Information**

Temperature	Output Voltage								
Range	5.0	8.0	9.0	10	12	15	Package		
$0^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{T}_{\text{J}} \leq 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	LM2940CT-5.0		LM2940CT-9.0		LM2940CT-12	LM2940CT-15	TO-220		
	LM2940CS-5.0		LM2940CS-9.0		LM2940CS-12	LM2940CS-15	TO-263		
$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le 125^{\circ}\text{C}$	LM2940T-5.0	LM2940T-8.0	LM2940T-9.0	LM2940T-10	LM2940T-12		TO-220		
	LM2940S-5.0	LM2940S-8.0	LM2940S-9.0	LM2940S-10	LM2940S-12		TO-263		
$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	LM2940IMP-5.0	LM2940IMP-8.0	LM2940IMP-9.0	LM2940IMP-10	LM2940IMP-12	LM2940IMP-15	SOT-223		
	LM2940IMPX-5.0	LM2940IMPX-8.0	LM2940IMPX-9.0	LM2940IMPX-10	LM2940IMPX-12	LM2940IMPX-15	SOT-223 in Tape and Reel		
SOT-223 Package Marking	L53B	L54B	L0EB	L55B	L56B	L70B			

The physical size of the SOT-223 is too small to contain the full device part number. The package markings indicated are what will appear on the actual device.

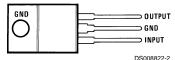
Temperature	Output Voltage							
Range	5.0	8.0	12	15				
-55°C ≤ T <sub>J</sub> ≤ 125°C	LM2940J-5.0/883 5962-8958701EA	LM2940J-8.0/883 5962-9088301QEA	LM2940J-12/883 5962-9088401QEA	LM2940J-15/883 5962-9088501QEA	J16A			
	LM2940WG5.0/883 5962-8958701XA				WG16A			

For information on military temperature range products, please go to the Mil/Aero Web Site at http://www.national.com/appinfo/milaero/index.html.

<sup>\*\*</sup>Cour must be at least 22 µF to maintain stability. May be increased without bound to maintain regulation during transients. Locate as close as possible to the regulator. This capacitor must be rated over the same operating temperature range as the regulator and the ESR is critical; see curve.

# **Connection Diagrams**

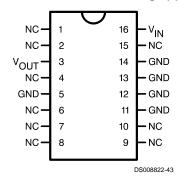
## (TO-220) Plastic Package



#### **Front View**

Order Number LM2940CT-5.0, LM2940CT-9.0, LM2940CT-12, LM2940CT-15, LM2940T-5.0, LM2940T-8.0, LM2940T-9.0, LM2940T-10 or LM2940T-12 See NS Package Number TO3B

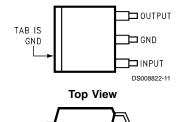
#### 16-Lead Dual-in-Line Package (J)



#### **Top View**

Order Number LM2940J-5.0/883 (5962-8958701EA), LM2940J-8.0/883 (5962-9088301QEA), LM2940J-12/883 (5962-9088401QEA), LM2940J-15/883 (5962-9088501QEA) See NS Package Number J16A

### (TO-263) Surface-Mount Package

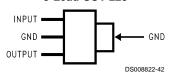


## Side View

DS008822-12

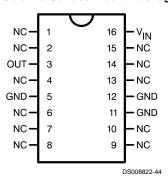
Order Number LM2940CS-5.0, LM2940CS-9.0, LM2940CS-12, LM2940CS-15, LM2940S-5.0, LM2940S-8.0, LM2940S-9.0, LM2940S-10 or LM2940S-12 See NS Package Number TS3B

## 3-Lead SOT-223



Front View
Order Part Number LM2940IMP-5.0,
LM2940IMP-8.0, LM2940IMP-9.0,
LM2940IMP-10, LM2940IMP-12 or LM2940IMP-15
See NS Package Number MP04A

### 16-Lead Ceramic Surface-Mount Package (WG)



Top View Order Number LM2940WG5.0/883 (5962-8958701XA) See NS Package Number WG16A

# **Absolute Maximum Ratings** (Note 1)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/ Distributors for availability and specifications.

LM2940S, T, MP  $\leq$  100 ms 60V LM2940CS, T  $\leq$  1 ms 45V Internal Power Dissipation

(Note 2) Internally Limited Maximum Junction Temperature  $150^{\circ}\text{C}$  Storage Temperature Range  $-65^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{T}_{\text{J}} \le +150^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Lead Temperature, Time for Wave Soldering

TO-220 (T) Package 260°C, 10s

TO-263 (S) Package 260°C, 4s SOT-223 (MP) Package 260°C, 4s ESD Susceptibility (Note 3) 2 kV

## **Operating Conditions** (Note 1)

Input Voltage 26V

Temperature Range

 $\begin{array}{lll} LM2940T, \ LM2940S & -40^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 125^{\circ}C \\ LM2940CT, \ LM2940CS & 0^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 125^{\circ}C \\ LM2940IMP & -40^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 85^{\circ}C \\ LM2940J, \ LM2940WG & -55^{\circ}C \leq T_{J} \leq 125^{\circ}C \end{array}$ 

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN} = V_O + 5V$ ,  $I_O = 1A$ ,  $C_O = 22~\mu F$ , unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device.** All other specifications apply for  $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ} C$ .

Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )			5V						
			LM2940	LM2940/883		LM2940	LM2940/883	Units	
Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Limit	Limit	Тур	Limit	Limit		
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)		(Note 4)	(Note 5)		
			$6.25V \le V_{IN} \le 26V$			9.4V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 26V			
Output Voltage	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A	5.00	4.85/ <b>4.75</b>	4.85/ <b>4.75</b>	8.00	7.76/ <b>7.60</b>	7.76/ <b>7.60</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>	
			5.15/ <b>5.25</b>	5.15/ <b>5.25</b>		8.24/ <b>8.40</b>	8.24/ <b>8.40</b>	$V_{MAX}$	
Line Regulation	$V_O + 2V \le V_{IN} \le 26V$ ,	20	50	40/ <b>50</b>	20	80	50/ <b>80</b>	$mV_{MAX}$	
	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
Load Regulation	50 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A								
	LM2940, LM2940/883	35	50/ <b>80</b>	50/ <b>100</b>	55	80/ <b>130</b>	80/ <b>130</b>	$mV_{MAX}$	
	LM2940C	35	50		55	80			
Output	100 mADC and								
Impedance	20 mArms,	35		1000/ <b>1000</b>	55		1000/ <b>1000</b>	mΩ	
	f <sub>O</sub> = 120 Hz								
Quiescent	$V_O$ +2V $\leq V_{IN} \leq 26V$ ,								
Current	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
	LM2940, LM2940/883	10	15/ <b>20</b>	15/ <b>20</b>	10	15/ <b>20</b>	15/ <b>20</b>	mA <sub>MAX</sub>	
	LM2940C	10	15						
	$V_{IN} = V_O + 5V,$	30	45/ <b>60</b>	50/ <b>60</b>	30	45/ <b>60</b>	50/ <b>60</b>	mA <sub>MAX</sub>	
	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A								
Output Noise	10 Hz – 100 kHz,	150		700/ <b>700</b>	240		1000/ <b>1000</b>	$\mu V_{rms}$	
Voltage	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
Ripple Rejection	$f_{O} = 120 \text{ Hz}, 1 \text{ V}_{rms},$								
	I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA								
	LM2940	72	60/ <b>54</b>		66	54/ <b>48</b>		dB <sub>MIN</sub>	
	LM2940C	72	60		66	54			
	$f_O = 1 \text{ kHz}, 1 \text{ V}_{rms},$			60/ <b>50</b>			54/ <b>48</b>	dB <sub>MIN</sub>	
	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
Long Term		20			32			mV/	
Stability								1000 Hr	
Dropout Voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A	0.5	0.8/1.0	0.7/1.0	0.5	0.8/1.0	0.7/1.0	$V_{MAX}$	
	I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA	110	150/ <b>200</b>	150/ <b>200</b>	110	150/ <b>200</b>	150/ <b>200</b>	$mV_{MAX}$	
Short Circuit Current	(Note 6)	1.9	1.6	1.5/ <b>1.3</b>	1.9	1.6	1.6/ <b>1.3</b>	A <sub>MIN</sub>	

# **Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

 $V_{IN} = V_O + 5V, \ I_O = 1A, \ C_O = 22 \ \mu F, \ unless \ otherwise \ specified. \ \textbf{Boldface limits apply over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device.} \ All \ other \ specifications \ apply \ for \ T_A = T_J = 25 \ C.$ 

Output	Output Voltage (V <sub>o</sub> )		5V			8V			
			LM2940	LM2940/883		LM2940	LM2940/883	Units	
Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Limit	Limit	Тур	Limit	Limit	Units	
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)		(Note 4)	(Note 5)		
Maximum Line	$R_O = 100\Omega$								
Transient	LM2940, T ≤ 100 ms	75	60/ <b>60</b>		75	60/ <b>60</b>		\/	
	LM2940/883, T ≤ 20 ms			40/ <b>40</b>			40/ <b>40</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>	
	LM2940C, T ≤ 1 ms	55	45		55	45			
Reverse Polarity	$R_O = 100\Omega$								
DC Input Voltage	LM2940, LM2940/883	-30	-15/ <b>-15</b>	-15/ <b>-15</b>	-30	-15/ <b>-15</b>	-15/ <b>-15</b>	$V_{MIN}$	
	LM2940C	-30	-15		-30	-15			
Reverse Polarity	$R_O = 100\Omega$								
Transient Input	LM2940, T ≤ 100 ms	-75	-50/ <b>-50</b>		-75	-50/ <b>-50</b>		$V_{MIN}$	
Voltage	LM2940/883, T ≤ 20 ms			-45/ <b>-45</b>			-45/ <b>-45</b>		
	LM2940C, T ≤ 1 ms	-55	-45/ <b>-45</b>						

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN} = V_O + 5V$ ,  $I_O = 1A$ ,  $C_O = 22~\mu F$ , unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device.** All other specifications apply for  $T_A = T_J = 25\,^{\circ}C$ .

Outpu	Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )		9V				
			LM2940		LM2940	Units	
Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Limit	Тур	Limit		
			(Note 4)		(Note 4)		
		10.5V	≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 26V	11.5V	11.5V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub> ≤ 26V		
Output Voltage	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤1A	9.00	8.73/ <b>8.55</b>	10.00	9.70/ <b>9.50</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>	
			9.27/ <b>9.45</b>		10.30/ <b>10.50</b>	V <sub>MAX</sub>	
Line Regulation	$V_O + 2V \le V_{IN} \le 26V$	20	90	20	100	mV <sub>MAX</sub>	
	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$						
Load Regulation	50 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A						
	LM2940	60	90/ <b>150</b>	65	100/ <b>165</b>	mV <sub>MAX</sub>	
	LM2940C	60	90				
Output Impedance	100 mADC and						
	20 mArms,	60		65		mΩ	
	f <sub>O</sub> = 120 Hz						
Quiescent	$V_{O} + 2V \le V_{IN} < 26V$						
Current	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$						
	LM2940	10	15/ <b>20</b>	10	15/ <b>20</b>	mA <sub>MAX</sub>	
	LM2940C	10	15				
	$V_{IN} = V_O + 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$	30	45/ <b>60</b>	30	45/ <b>60</b>	mA <sub>MAX</sub>	
Output Noise	10 Hz – 100 kHz,	270		300		$\mu V_{rms}$	
Voltage	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$						
Ripple Rejection	f <sub>O</sub> = 120 Hz, 1 V <sub>rms</sub> ,						
	$I_{O} = 100 \text{ mA}$						
	LM2940	64	52/ <b>46</b>	63	51/ <b>45</b>	dB <sub>MIN</sub>	
	LM2940C	64	52				
Long Term		34		36		mV/	
Stability						1000 H	
Dropout Voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A	0.5	0.8/ <b>1.0</b>	0.5	0.8/ <b>1.0</b>	$V_{MAX}$	
	I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA	110	150/ <b>200</b>	110	150/ <b>200</b>	$mV_{MAX}$	

## **Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

 $V_{IN} = V_O + 5V$ ,  $I_O = 1A$ ,  $C_O = 22~\mu F$ , unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device.** All other specifications apply for  $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ .

Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )			9V			
Parameter	Conditions	Тур	LM2940 Limit	Тур	LM2940 Limit	Units
			(Note 4)		(Note 4)	
Short Circuit	(Note 6)	1.9	1.6	1.9	1.6	A <sub>MIN</sub>
Current						
Maximum Line	$R_O = 100\Omega$					
Transient	T ≤ 100 ms					
	LM2940	75	60/ <b>60</b>	75	60/ <b>60</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>
	LM2940C	55	45			
Reverse Polarity	$R_O = 100\Omega$					
DC Input Voltage	LM2940	-30	-15/ <b>-15</b>	-30	-15/ <b>-15</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>
	LM2940C	-30	-15			
Reverse Polarity	$R_O = 100\Omega$					
Transient Input	T ≤ 100 ms					
Voltage	LM2940	-75	-50/ <b>-50</b>	-75	-50/ <b>-50</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>
	LM2940C	-55	-45/ <b>-45</b>			

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $V_{IN} = V_O + 5V$ ,  $I_O = 1A$ ,  $C_O = 22~\mu F$ , unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device.** All other specifications apply for  $T_A = T_J = 25\,^{\circ}C$ .

Outpu	Output Voltage (Vo)		12V			15V			
			LM2940	LM2940/833		LM2940	LM2940/833	l limita	
Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Limit	Limit	Тур	Limit	Limit	Units	
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)		(Note 4)	(Note 5)		
			13.6V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ <b>26V</b>		16.75V ≤ V <sub>IN</sub>	≤ <b>26V</b>		
Output Voltage	5 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤1A	12.00	11.64/ <b>11.40</b>	11.64/ <b>11.40</b>	15.00	14.55/ <b>14.25</b>	14.55/ <b>14.25</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>	
			12.36/ <b>12.60</b>	12.36/ <b>12.60</b>		15.45/ <b>15.75</b>	15.45/ <b>15.75</b>	V <sub>MAX</sub>	
Line Regulation	$V_{O} + 2V \le V_{IN} \le 26V$ ,	20	120	75/ <b>120</b>	20	150	95/ <b>150</b>	$mV_{MAX}$	
	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
Load Regulation	50 mA ≤ I <sub>O</sub> ≤ 1A								
	LM2940, LM2940/883	55	120/ <b>200</b>	120/ <b>190</b>			150/ <b>240</b>	$mV_{MAX}$	
	LM2940C	55	120		70	150			
Output	100 mADC and								
Impedance	20 mArms,	80		1000/ <b>1000</b>	100		1000/ <b>1000</b>	mΩ	
	f <sub>O</sub> = 120 Hz								
Quiescent	$V_{O} + 2V \le V_{IN} \le 26V$ ,								
Current	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
	LM2940, LM2940/883	10	15/ <b>20</b>	15/ <b>20</b>			15/ <b>20</b>	mA <sub>MAX</sub>	
	LM2940C	10	15		10	15			
	$V_{IN} = V_{O} + 5V, I_{O} = 1A$	30	45/ <b>60</b>	50/ <b>60</b>	30	45/ <b>60</b>	50/ <b>60</b>	mA <sub>MAX</sub>	
Output Noise	10 Hz – 100 kHz,	360		1000/ <b>1000</b>	450		1000/ <b>1000</b>	$\mu V_{rms}$	
Voltage	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$								
Ripple Rejection	$f_{O} = 120 \text{ Hz}, 1 \text{ V}_{rms},$								
	I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA								
	LM2940	66	54/ <b>48</b>					dB <sub>MIN</sub>	
	LM2940C	66	54		64	52			
	$f_O = 1 \text{ kHz}, 1 \text{ V}_{rms},$			52/ <b>46</b>			48/ <b>42</b>	dB <sub>MIN</sub>	
	$I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$			52/40			40/42		

## **Electrical Characteristics** (Continued)

 $V_{IN}$  =  $V_O$  + 5V,  $I_O$  = 1A,  $C_O$  = 22  $\mu$ F, unless otherwise specified. **Boldface limits apply over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device.** All other specifications apply for  $T_A$  =  $T_J$  = 25 °C.

Output Voltage (V <sub>O</sub> )			12V					
			LM2940	LM2940/833		LM2940	LM2940/833	llmita
Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Limit	Limit	Тур	Limit	Limit	Units
			(Note 4)	(Note 5)		(Note 4)	(Note 5)	
Long Term		40			60			mV/
Stability		48			60			1000 Hr
Dropout Voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A	0.5	0.8/ <b>1.0</b>	0.7/1.0	0.5	0.8/1.0	0.7/1.0	V <sub>MAX</sub>
	I <sub>O</sub> = 100 mA	110	150/ <b>200</b>	150/ <b>200</b>	110	150/ <b>200</b>	150/ <b>200</b>	mV <sub>MAX</sub>
Short Circuit	(Note 6)	4.0	1.6	4.0/4.2	4.0	4.0	4.0/4.2	_
Current		1.9	1.6	1.6/ <b>1.3</b>	1.9	1.6	1.6/ <b>1.3</b>	A <sub>MIN</sub>
Maximum Line	$R_O = 100\Omega$							
Transient	LM2940, T ≤ 100 ms	75	60/ <b>60</b>					
	LM2940/883, T ≤ 20 ms			40/ <b>40</b>			40/ <b>40</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>
	LM2940C, T ≤ 1 ms	55	45		55	45		
Reverse Polarity	$R_O = 100\Omega$							
DC Input	LM2940, LM2940/883	-30	-15/ <b>-15</b>	-15/ <b>-15</b>			-15/ <b>-15</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>
Voltage	LM2940C	-30	-15		-30	-15		
Reverse Polarity	$R_O = 100\Omega$							
Transient Input	LM2940, T ≤ 100 ms	-75	-50/ <b>-50</b>					
Voltage	LM2940/883, T ≤ 20 ms			-45/ <b>-45</b>			-45/ <b>-45</b>	V <sub>MIN</sub>
	LM2940C, T ≤ 1 ms	-55	-45/ <b>-45</b>		-55	-45/ <b>-45</b>		

**Note 1:** Absolute Maximum Ratings are limits beyond which damage to the device may occur. Operating Conditions are conditions under which the device functions but the specifications might not be guaranteed. For guaranteed specifications and test conditions see the Electrical Characteristics.

Note 2: The maximum allowable power dissipation is a function of the maximum junction temperature,  $T_J$ , the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{J-A}$ , and the ambient temperature,  $T_A$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will cause excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown. The value of  $\theta_{J-A}$  (for devices in still air with no heatsink) is 60°C/W for the TO-220 package, 80°C/W for the TO-263 package, and 174°C/W for the SOT-223 package. The effective value of  $\theta_{J-A}$  can be reduced by using a heatsink (see Application Hints for specific information on heatsinking). The values of  $\theta_{J-A}$  and  $\theta_{J-C}$  for the K02A package are 39°C/W and 4°C/W respectively.

Note 3: ESD rating is based on the human body model, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 k $\Omega$ .

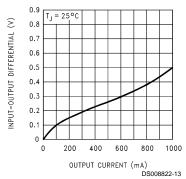
Note 4: All limits are guaranteed at  $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C only (standard typeface) or over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device (boldface type). All limits at  $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}$ C are 100% production tested. All limits at temperature extremes are guaranteed via correlation using standard Statistical Quality Control methods.

Note 5: All limits are guaranteed at  $T_A = T_J = 25^{\circ}C$  only (standard typeface) or over the entire operating temperature range of the indicated device (boldface type). All limits are 100% production tested and are used to calculate Outgoing Quality Levels.

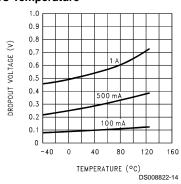
Note 6: Output current will decrease with increasing temperature but will not drop below 1A at the maximum specified temperature.

# **Typical Performance Characteristics**

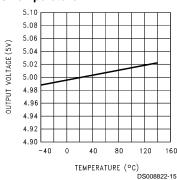
## **Dropout Voltage**



# Dropout Voltage vs Temperature

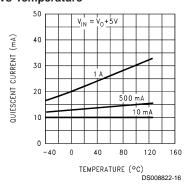


# Output Voltage vs Temperature

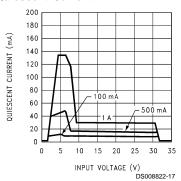


## **Typical Performance Characteristics** (Continued)

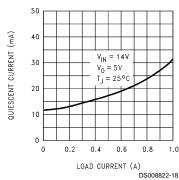
# Quiescent Current vs Temperature



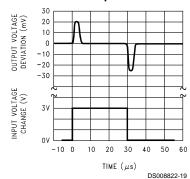
### **Quiescent Current**



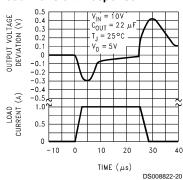
### **Quiescent Current**



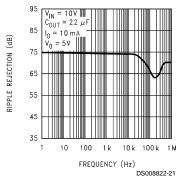
### **Line Transient Response**



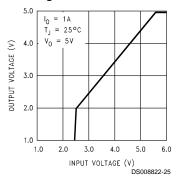
## **Load Transient Response**



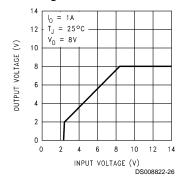
Ripple Rejection



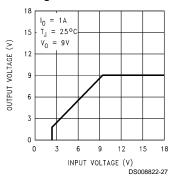
### Low Voltage Behavior



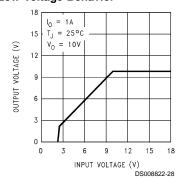
### Low Voltage Behavior



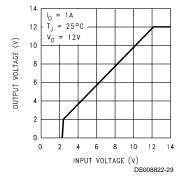
### Low Voltage Behavior



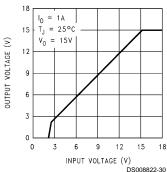
## Low Voltage Behavior



## Low Voltage Behavior

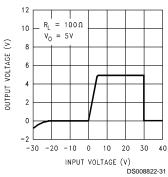


## Low Voltage Behavior

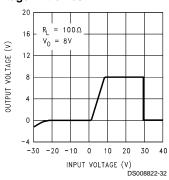


# **Typical Performance Characteristics** (Continued)

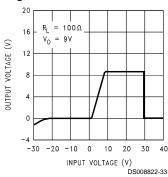
# Output at Voltage Extremes



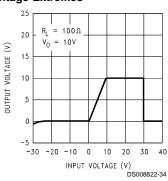
# Output at Voltage Extremes



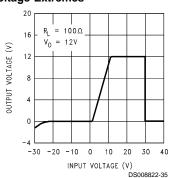
# Output at Voltage Extremes



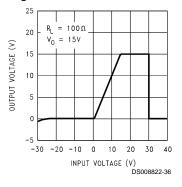
# Output at Voltage Extremes



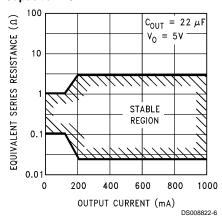
Output at Voltage Extremes



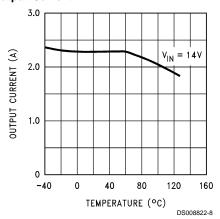
Output at Voltage Extremes



## **Output Capacitor ESR**

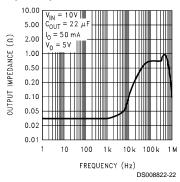


### **Peak Output Current**

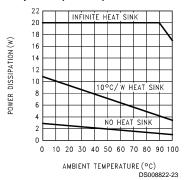


# **Typical Performance Characteristics** (Continued)

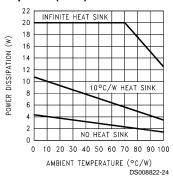
### **Output Impedance**



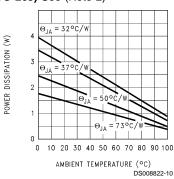
# Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-220)



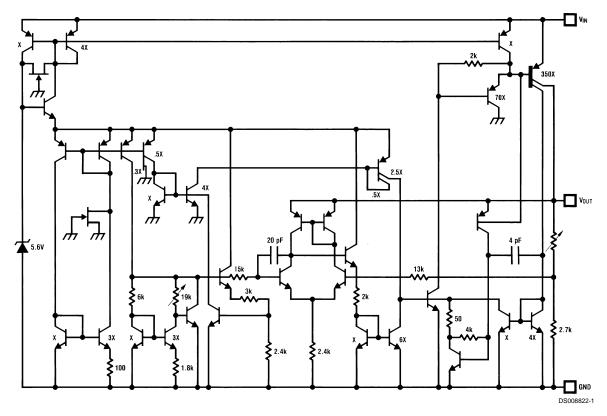
# Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-3)



# Maximum Power Dissipation (TO-263) See (Note 2)



# **Equivalent Schematic Diagram**



## **Application Hints**

### **EXTERNAL CAPACITORS**

The output capacitor is critical to maintaining regulator stability, and must meet the required conditions for both ESR (Equivalent Series Resistance) and minimum amount of capacitance.

## MINIMUM CAPACITANCE:

The minimum output capacitance required to maintain stability is 22 µF (this value may be increased without limit). Larger values of output capacitance will give improved transient response.

### **ESR LIMITS:**

The ESR of the output capacitor will cause loop instability if it is too high or too low. The acceptable range of ESR plotted versus load current is shown in the graph below. It is essential that the output capacitor meet these requirements, or oscillations can result.

## Output Capacitor ESR

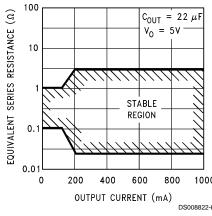


FIGURE 1. ESR Limits

It is important to note that for most capacitors, ESR is specified only at room temperature. However, the designer must ensure that the ESR will stay inside the limits shown over the entire operating temperature range for the design.

For aluminum electrolytic capacitors, ESR will increase by about 30X as the temperature is reduced from 25°C to -40°C. This type of capacitor is not well-suited for low temperature operation.

Solid tantalum capacitors have a more stable ESR over temperature, but are more expensive than aluminum electrolytics. A cost-effective approach sometimes used is to parallel

# Application Hints (Continued)

an aluminum electrolytic with a solid Tantalum, with the total capacitance split about 75/25% with the Aluminum being the larger value.

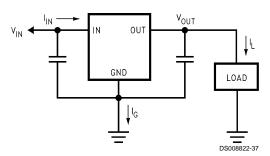
If two capacitors are paralleled, the effective ESR is the parallel of the two individual values. The "flatter" ESR of the Tantalum will keep the effective ESR from rising as quickly at low temperatures.

#### **HEATSINKING**

A heatsink may be required depending on the maximum power dissipation and maximum ambient temperature of the application. Under all possible operating conditions, the junction temperature must be within the range specified under Absolute Maximum Ratings.

To determine if a heatsink is required, the power dissipated by the regulator,  $P_{\rm D}$ , must be calculated.

The figure below shows the voltages and currents which are present in the circuit, as well as the formula for calculating the power dissipated in the regulator:



$$\begin{split} I_{IN} &= I_L \div I_G \\ P_D &= (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \ I_L + (V_{IN}) \ I_G \end{split}$$

#### FIGURE 2. Power Dissipation Diagram

The next parameter which must be calculated is the maximum allowable temperature rise,  $T_R$  (max). This is calculated by using the formula:

$$T_R (max) = T_J (max) - T_A (max)$$

where: T<sub>J</sub> (max) is the maximum allowable junction temperature, which is 125°C for commercial grade parts.

T<sub>A</sub> (max) is the maximum ambient temperature which will be encountered in the application.

Using the calculated values for  $T_R(\text{max})$  and  $P_D,$  the maximum allowable value for the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{(J-A)},$  can now be found:

$$\theta_{(J-A)} = T_R \text{ (max)/P}_D$$

**IMPORTANT:** If the maximum allowable value for  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  is found to be  $\geq 53^{\circ}\text{C/W}$  for the TO-220 package,  $\geq 80^{\circ}\text{C/W}$  for the TO-263 package, or  $\geq 174^{\circ}\text{C/W}$  for the SOT-223 package, no heatsink is needed since the package alone will dissipate enough heat to satisfy these requirements.

If the calculated value for  $\theta_{(J-A)} \text{falls}$  below these limits, a heatsink is required.

### **HEATSINKING TO-220 PACKAGE PARTS**

The TO-220 can be attached to a typical heatsink, or secured to a copper plane on a PC board. If a copper plane is to be used, the values of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  will be the same as shown in the next section for the TO-263.

If a manufactured heatsink is to be selected, the value of heatsink-to-ambient thermal resistance,  $\theta_{(H-A)}$ , must first be calculated:

$$\theta_{(\mathsf{H}-\mathsf{A})} = \theta_{(\mathsf{J}-\mathsf{A})} - \theta_{(\mathsf{C}-\mathsf{H})} - \theta_{(\mathsf{J}-\mathsf{C})}$$

Where:  $\theta_{(J-C)}$ 

is defined as the thermal resistance from the junction to the surface of the case. A value of 3°C/W can be assumed for  $\theta_{(J-C)}$  for this calculation.

 $\theta_{(C-H)}$ 

is defined as the thermal resistance between the case and the surface of the heat-sink. The value of  $\theta_{(C-H)}$  will vary from about 1.5°C/W to about 2.5°C/W (depending on method of attachment, insulator, etc.). If the exact value is unknown, 2°C/W should be assumed for  $\theta_{(C-H)}.$ 

When a value for  $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is found using the equation shown, a heatsink must be selected that has a value that is less than or equal to this number.

 $\theta_{(H-A)}$  is specified numerically by the heatsink manufacturer in the catalog, or shown in a curve that plots temperature rise vs power dissipation for the heatsink.

#### **HEATSINKING TO-263 AND SOT-223 PACKAGE PARTS**

Both the TO-263 ("S") and SOT-223 ("MP") packages use a copper plane on the PCB and the PCB itself as a heatsink. To optimize the heat sinking ability of the plane and PCB, solder the tab of the package to the plane.

Figure 3 shows for the TO-263 the measured values of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  for different copper area sizes using a typical PCB with 1 ounce copper and no solder mask over the copper area used for heatsinking.

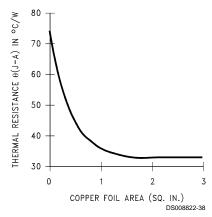


FIGURE 3.  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  vs Copper (1 ounce) Area for the TO-263 Package

As shown in the figure, increasing the copper area beyond 1 square inch produces very little improvement. It should also be observed that the minimum value of  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  for the TO-263 package mounted to a PCB is 32°C/W.

As a design aid, *Figure 4* shows the maximum allowable power dissipation compared to ambient temperature for the TO-263 device (assuming  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  is 35°C/W and the maximum junction temperature is 125°C).

# Application Hints (Continued)

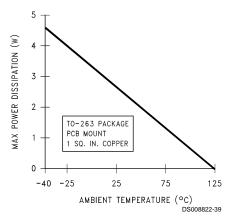


FIGURE 4. Maximum Power Dissipation vs  $T_{\rm AMB}$  for the TO-263 Package

Figure 5 and Figure 6 show the information for the SOT-223 package. Figure 6 assumes a  $\theta_{(J-A)}$  of 74°C/W for 1 ounce copper and 51°C/W for 2 ounce copper and a maximum junction temperature of 125°C.

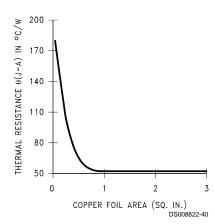


FIGURE 5.  $\theta_{\text{(J-A)}}$  vs Copper (2 ounce) Area for the SOT-223 Package

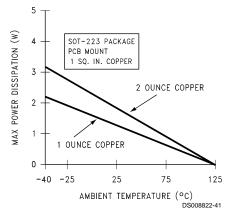
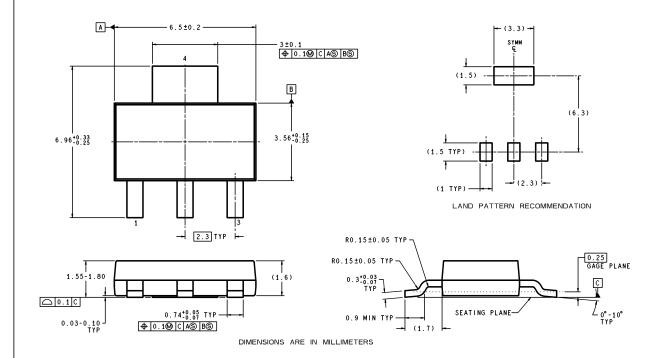


FIGURE 6. Maximum Power Dissipation vs T<sub>AMB</sub> for the SOT-223 Package

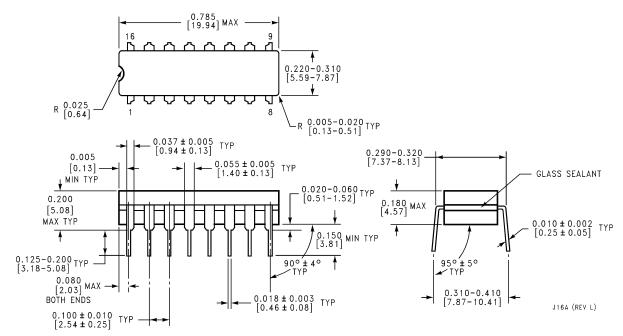
# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



MP04A (Rev A)

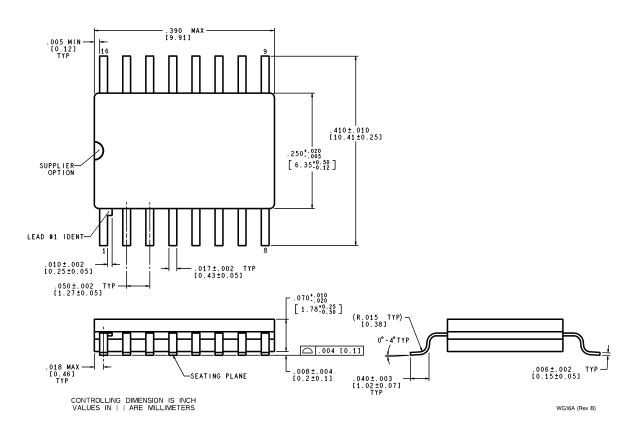
3-Lead SOT-223 Package
Order Part Number LM2940IMP-5.0
LM2940IMP-8.0 LM2940IMP-9.0
LM2940IMP-10 LM2940IMP-12 LM2940IMP-15
NS Package Number MP04A

# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



16 Lead Dual-in-Line Package (J)
Order Number LM2940J-5.0/883 (5962-8958701EA),
LM2940J-8.0/883 (5962-9088301QEA),
LM2940J-12/883 (5962-9088401QEA),
LM2940J-15/883 (5962-9088501QEA)
See NS Package Number J16A

# Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



16 Lead Surface Mount Package (WG)
Order Number LM2940WG5.0/883 (5962-8958701XA)
See NS Package Number WG16A

#### Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued) 0.240-0.260 0.330-0.350 [6.10-6.60] [8.38-8.89] ø 0.149-0.153 0.100 - 0.120[2.54 - 3.05][3.78-3.89] 0.090-0.110 0.400 +0.015 [2.29-2.79] 0.190-0.210 $[10.16^{+0.38}_{-0.13}]$ [4.83-5.33] 0.048-0.055 0.130-0.160 TYP [1.22-1.40] TYP [3.30-4.06] PIN #1 ID 0.027-0.037 1.005-1.035 [25.53-26.29] [0.69 - 0.94]TYP $0.015 \, {}^{+0.007}_{-0.001} \, \left[ 0.38 \, {}^{+0.18}_{-0.03} \, \right]$ 0.525-0.555 [13.34-14.10] 0.175-0.185 [4.45-4.70] 00-60 $0.105 \, {}^{+0.010}_{-0.015} \, \left[ 2.67 \, {}^{+0.25}_{-0.38} \, \right]$ 0.048-0.052 [1.22-1.32] SEATING PLANE

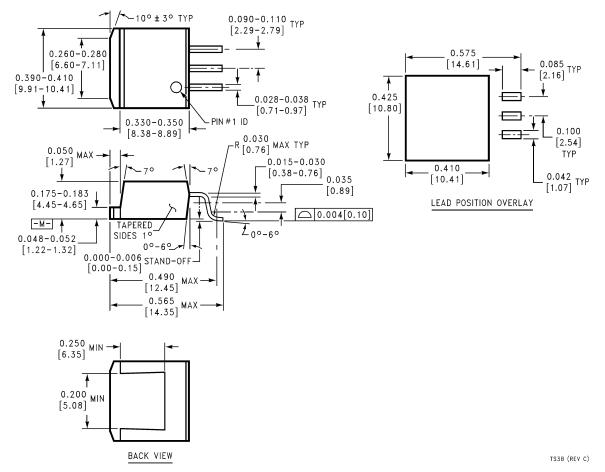
3-Lead TO-220 Plastic Package (T)
Order Number LM2940T-5.0, LM2940T-8.0,
LM2940T-9.0, LM2940T-10, LM2940T-12, LM2940CT-5.0,
LM2940CT-12 or LM2940CT-15
NS Package Number TO3B

TO3B (REV L)

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TAPERED SIDES 1°

## Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)



3-Lead TO-263 Surface Mount Package (MP) Order Number LM2940S-5.0, LM2940S-8.0, LM2940S-9.0, LM2940S-10, LM2940S-12, LM2940CS-5.0, LM2940CS-12 or LM2940CS-15 **NS Package Number TS3B** 

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**National Semiconductor** Corporation Americas

Tel: 1-800-272-9959 Fax: 1-800-737-7018 Email: support@nsc.com

www.national.com

**National Semiconductor** Europe

Fax: +49 (0) 180-530 85 86 Email: europe.support@nsc.com Deutsch Tel: +49 (0) 69 9508 6208 English Tel: +44 (0) 870 24 0 2171

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